

FACT SHEET

Mine Ban Treaty Transparency Reporting (Article 7)

Annual Transparency Reports

35% of States Parties have submitted annual reports for calendar year 2018.

This represents an **all-time low** in compliance with the transparency obligations of the Mine Ban Treaty.

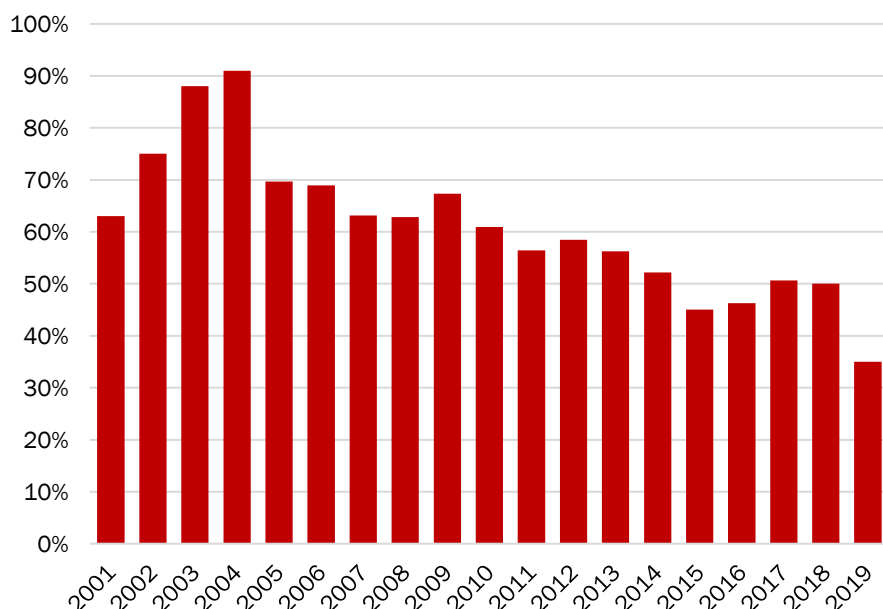
Reporting since Third Review Conference

62 States Parties have failed to submit an annual transparency report since the Third Review Conference in 2014.

Decreasing Compliance

The Monitor has seen a marked decrease in compliance with the Article 7 reporting requirement since the First Review Conference in 2004. In 2005, the reporting rate was nearly 70%. In 2018, it had dropped to 50% by the end of the year, and in 2019, it is just 35% as of 21 May 2019.

Reporting Rate Over Time



106 States Parties have not submitted a report for calendar year 2018:

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Afghanistan | Lesotho |
| Andorra | Liberia |
| Antigua and Barbuda | Madagascar |
| Austria | Malawi |
| Bahamas | Malaysia |
| Bangladesh | Maldives |
| Barbados | Mali |
| Belize | Malta |
| Benin | Mauritania |
| Bhutan | Mauritius |
| Botswana | Mexico |
| Brunei Darussalam | Moldova |
| Burkina Faso | Monaco |
| Burundi | Namibia |
| Cambodia | Nauru |
| Cameroon | Netherlands |
| Cape Verde | New Zealand |
| Central African Republic | Nigeria |
| Chad | Niger |
| Comoros | Niue |
| Congo | North Macedonia |
| Cook Islands | Oman |
| Côte d'Ivoire | Palau |
| Croatia | Papua New Guinea |
| Cyprus | Paraguay |
| Denmark | Philippines |
| Djibouti | Rwanda |
| Dominican Republic | Saint Kitts and Nevis |
| Dominica | Saint Lucia |
| Equatorial Guinea | Saint Vincent and the Grenadines |
| Eritrea | Samoa |
| Estonia | San Marino |
| Eswatini | Sao Tome and Principe |
| Ethiopia | Senegal |
| Fiji | Seychelles |
| Finland | Sierra Leone |
| Gabon | Solomon Islands |
| Gambia | South Africa |
| Ghana | Spain |
| Grenada | Sri Lanka |
| Guatemala | Suriname |
| Guinea-Bissau | Tanzania |
| Guinea | Thailand |
| Guyana | Timor-Leste |
| Haiti | Togo |
| Honduras | Trinidad and Tobago |
| Hungary | Turkmenistan |
| Iceland | Tuvalu |
| Indonesia | Uganda |
| Iraq | Uruguay |
| Jamaica | Vanuatu |
| Kenya | Venezuela |
| Kiribati | |
| Kuwait | |

Article 7 Obligations

Article 7 of the Mine Ban Treaty requires that each State Party “report to the Secretary-General of the United Nations as soon as practicable, and in any event not later than 180 after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party” regarding steps taken to implement the treaty. Thereafter, States Parties are obligated to report annually, by 30 April, on the preceding calendar year.

Initial Reports

Tuvalu remains the only State Party that has not submitted an initial transparency report (originally due 28 August 2012).

Voluntary Reporting

Morocco is the only non-signatory to have submitted a voluntary transparency report in 2019. Non-signatories Azerbaijan, Lao PDR, and Mongolia have previously submitted voluntary reports, as did Cameroon, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, and Sri Lanka prior to acceding to the Convention.

Clearance Obligations

15

States Parties that have not submitted a transparency report for calendar year 2018 have outstanding Article 5 clearance obligations:

Afghanistan	Niger
Cambodia	Nigeria
Chad	Oman
Croatia	Peru
Cyprus	Senegal
Eritrea	Sri Lanka
Ethiopia	Thailand
Iraq	

164
States Parties

62 States Parties have failed to submit a single transparency report since the Third Review Conference in 2014.

38%

13 States Parties have missed four reports.

8%

10 States Parties have missed three reports.

6%

10 States Parties have missed two reports.

6%

27 States Parties have missed one report.

16%

42 States Parties have submitted all five annual transparency reports since the Third Review Conference in 2014.

26%